RAYDENT 3D Printing Material Series

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Product Name: RAYDENT SG

RSG01PW, RSG02PW, RSG03PW, RSG04PW, RSG05PW, Other means of identification

RSG02BW, RSG0QBW, RSG05BW, RSG10BW

Product type Liquid

Material uses UV-curable molding material

RAY Co., Ltd Supplier

332-7, Samsung 1-ro, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do, 18380, Korea

Emergency telephone number RAY Co., Ltd +82-31-605-1000

Intended Use Monomer based on Acrylic esters for 3D printing, individually fabricating temporary crown and

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification of the substance or mixture SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2.

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H315 - Causes skin irritation.

> H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Response

Storage

Prevention P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P302 + P352 + P362-2 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off

contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Not applicable.

None known.

Hazards not otherwise classified Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

PERSONAL PROTECTION	AG
Physical Hazards	1
Flammability	1
Health	2

The PPE (Personal Protection Equipment) designation in the HMIS is provided for use by employees at supplier sites only. Other users of this product are encouraged to evaluate the hazards of the product and assign PPE that is applicable to their specific situations.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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Section 3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Monomer based on Low Molecular Weight Urethane Acrylate Polymer with low levels of

stabilizer, pigments and accelerator.

Ingredient Name	CAS Number	Concentration (%)
Low Molecular Weight Urethane Acrylate Polymer	Proprietary	49.9
(octahydro-4,7-methano-1H-indenediyl)bis(methylene) bismethacrylate	43048-08-4	25.0
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	15.0
2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl-diphenyl phosphine oxide	75980-60-8	5.0
Low Molecular Weight Urethane Acrylate Polymer	Proprietary	5.0
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	0.1

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye Contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiratory.

breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband

Skin Contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at

rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

 Inhalation
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Skin contact
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities

have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Unsuitable extinguishing media

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur, and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds (dense) black smoke aldehydes organic acids

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Extinguishing media

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 30°C (59 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

: None

Appropriate ventilation should be enough to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should always be worn when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:LiquidColor:Not available.Odor:Characteristic.Odor threshold:Not available.pH:Not available.Melting point:Not available.Boiling point:Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >93°C [estimate]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Density (g/cm³) : Not available.
Solubility : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : < 100 cPs (room temperature)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

 Conditions to avoid
 : No specific data.

 Incompatible materials
 : No specific data.

 Hazardous decomposition products
 : No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

LD50 Acute Oral (Rat) : > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 Acute Dermal (Rat) : > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402)

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin (Rabbit): No skin irritation.(Draize Test)Eye (Rabbit): Irritating to eyes.(Draize Test)

Sensitization

May cause sensitization by skin contact.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Not available.

<u>Carcinogenicity</u>
Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.



Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fishSemi-static test LC50>100 mg/L, 96h(OECD Test Guideline 203)Toxicity to daphniaImmobilization EC50>300 mg/L, 48h(OECD Test Guideline 202)Toxicity to algaeGrowth inhibition EC50>800 mg/L, 72h(OECD Test Guideline 201)

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bio accumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)

Other adverse effects

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for use

This product is NOT classified as dangerous for IATA/IMDG Transport.

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Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.



Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : All components are listed or exempted.

 Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances
 : Not listed.

 Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances
 : Not listed.

 DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)
 : Not listed.

 DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals
 : Not listed.

State regulations

 Massachusetts
 :
 None of the components are listed.

 New York
 :
 None of the components are listed.

 New Jersey
 :
 None of the components are listed.

 Pennsylvania
 :
 None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Ingre	Ingradient name List name Status						
iligie	dient name	List Hallie	Status				
No	ot listed.	=	=				

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.	-	-

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.	-	-

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.	-	-

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.	-	-

Section 16. Other information

History

Code : 1805173DMDCBSGDMV10

Previous issue Version : 1.0 Version : 2.2

 Date of issue
 : June 14, 2017

 Date of revision
 : November 05, 2021

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. While this information has been prepared in good faith by technical experts within the above-named organization, the final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the end user, after proper consultation with the end users' engineering, technical, health and safety professionals. All materials may present unknown hazards, and should be used with caution considering the specific material, other materials that it may or may not be combined with, and any engineering controls and/or process implementation(s) designed for the use of the material in any specific system process. Although certain hazards are described within, these cannot be guaranteed as the only hazards that exist.

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